



EC-Council Certified Incident Handler

Course Outline

(Version 2)

Module 01: Introduction to Incident Handling and Response

Overview of Information Security Concepts

- Elements of Information Security
- Information as Business Asset
- Securing Information: Defense-in-Depth
- Information Security Policies
 - Types of Security Policies
 - Examples of Security Policies

Understanding Information Security Threats and Attack Vectors

- Motives, Goals, and Objectives of Information Security Attacks
- Top Information Security Attack Vectors
- Information Security Threat Categories
- Threat and Threat Actors
 - Types of Threat Actors
- Impact of Information Security Attacks
- Information Warfare

Understanding Information Security Incident

- Information Security Incidents
- Signs of an Incident
- Cost of an Incident

Overview of Incident Management

- Incident Management
- Incident Handling and Response
- Advantages of Incident Handling and Response

Overview of Vulnerability Management

- What Is Vulnerability?
- Common Areas of Vulnerabilities
- Vulnerability Research
- Vulnerability Classification
- Vulnerability Assessment
- Types of Vulnerability Assessment
- Vulnerability Management Life Cycle
 - Pre-Assessment Phase: Creating a Baseline
 - Vulnerability Assessment Phase
 - Post-Assessment Phase

Overview of Threat Assessment

- What Is Threat Assessment?
- Threat Targets and Assets
- Common Targeted Assets
- Threat Intelligence
- Threat Contextualization
- Threat Correlation
- Threat Attribution

Understanding Risk Management

- What Is Risk?
- Risk Management
- Risk Assessment Process
 - Step 1: System Characterization
 - Step 2: Threat Identification
 - Step 3: Vulnerability Identification
 - Step 4: Control Analysis

- Step 5: Likelihood Analysis
- Step 6: Impact Analysis
- Step 7: Risk Determination
 - Risk Levels
 - Risk Matrix
- Step 8: Control Recommendation
- Step 9: Risk Assessment Report
- Risk Mitigation
- Control the Risks
- Risk Management Plan Evaluation and Update
- NIST Risk Management Framework
- Risk Assessment and Management Tools

Understanding Incident Response Automation and Orchestration

- Incident Response Automation
- Incident Response Orchestration
- Working of Incident Response Orchestration
- Advantages of Incident Response Orchestration

Incident Handling and Response Best Practices

- OWASP
- ENISA
- GPG18 and Forensic readiness planning (SPF)

Overview of Standards

- ISO/IEC 27000 Series
- ISO/IEC 27001:2013
- ISO/IEC 27002
- ISO/IEC 27035
- Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS)
- Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 200
- NIST Special Publication 800 Series
- Standard of Good Practice from Information Security Forum (ISF)
- NERC 1300 Cyber Security

- RFC 2196

Overview of Cybersecurity Frameworks

- CIS Critical Security Controls
- COBIT Framework
- NIST Special Publication 800-61

Importance of Laws in Incident Handling

- Role of Laws in Incident Handling
- Legal and Jurisdictional Issues when Dealing with an Incident

Incident Handling and Legal Compliance

- Sarbanes–Oxley Act (SOX)
- Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)
- Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA)
- Gramm–Leach–Bliley Act (GLBA)
- Data Protection Act 2018
- General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
- The Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA)
- Cyber Laws that May Influence Incident Handling

Module 02: Incident Handling and Response Process

Overview of Incident Handling and Response (IH&R) Process

- Introduction to Incident Handling and Response (IH&R) Process
- Importance of IH&R Process
- Overview of IH&R Process Flow

Step 1: Preparation for Incident Handling and Response

- Process Flow of Preparation for IH&R
- Determine the Need for IH&R Processes
- Define IH&R Vision and Mission
- Management Approvals and Funding
- Develop IH&R Plan
- Develop IH&R Policy
- Develop IH&R Procedures

- Define Incident Handling Criteria
- Build IH&R Team
 - Roles and Responsibilities of IH&R Team
 - IH&R Team Placement in an Organization
 - IH&R Team Models and Staffing
 - IH&R Team Selection Factors
 - Training and Preparing IH&R Personnel
- Develop Incident Readiness Procedures
 - Build Incident Response Toolkit
 - Incident Responder Toolkit Requirements
 - Setting Up a Computer Forensics Lab
 - Establish Reporting Facilities
 - Establish Structured Record Keeping Facilities
- Evaluate the Current Security Posture
 - Implement Security Policy, Procedures, and Awareness
 - Implement Security Control
 - Implement Successful Backup Strategy
 - Cyber Insurance
 - Implementing Security Policies using GPMC

Step 2: Incident Recording and Assignment

- Process Flow of Incident Recording and Assignment
- Define Incident Escalation Procedures for Employees
 - Role of IT Support and Help Desk
 - Ticketing System

Step 3: Incident Triage

- Process Flow of Incident Triage
- Incident Analysis and Validation
- Incident Classification
- Incident Prioritization
 - Incident Prioritization Approaches
 - Incident Prioritization Categories

- Best Practices

- Tools for Incident Analysis and Validation

Step 4: Notification

- Process Flow of Notification
- Point of Contact
- Details to Notify
- Internal Communication Methods
- Incident Notification Form

Step 5: Containment

- Process Flow of Incident Containment
- Incident Containment
- Guidelines for Incident Containment

Step 6: Evidence Gathering and Forensics Analysis

- Process Flow of Evidence Gathering and Forensics Analysis
- Evidence Gathering and Forensics Analysis
- Evidence Handling

Step 7: Eradication

- Process Flow of Eradication
- Eradication
- Tools for Detecting Missing Security Patches

Step 8: Recovery

- Process Flow of Recovery
- Systems Recovery

Step 9: Post-Incident Activities

- Process Flow of Post-Incident Activities
- Incident Documentation
- Report Writing Tools
- Incident Impact Assessment
- Review and Revise Policies
- Close the Investigation
- Incident Disclosure

- Incident Disclosure Procedure

Module 03: Forensic Readiness and First Response

Introduction to Computer Forensics

- Computer Forensics
- Role of Computer Forensics in Incident Handling
- Phases Involved in the Computer Forensics Investigation Process
 - Pre-investigation Phase
 - Investigation Phase
 - Post-investigation Phase

Overview of Forensic Readiness

- Forensic Readiness
- Forensic Readiness and Business Continuity
- Forensic Readiness Planning
- Forensic Readiness Procedures
 - Forensic Policy
 - Forensics in the Information System Life Cycle
 - Creating Investigation Team
 - Maintaining an Inventory
 - Host Monitoring
 - Network Monitoring

Overview of First Response

- First Responder
- Roles of First Responder
- First Response Basics
- Incident Response: Different Situations
- First Responder Common Mistakes
- Health and Safety Issues
- Securing the Crime Scene
- Collecting Incident Information
- Documenting the Electronic Crime Scene

Overview of Digital Evidence

- Digital Evidence
- Types of Digital Evidence
- Characteristics of Digital Evidence
- Roles of Digital Evidence
- Types of Evidence

Understanding the Principles of Digital Evidence Collection

- ACPO Principles of Digital Evidence
- Scientific Working Group on Digital Evidence (SWGDE)

Collecting the Evidence

- Collecting and Preserving Evidence
- Collecting Physical Evidence
- Dealing with Powered On Computers
- Dealing with Powered Off Computers
- Dealing with Networked Computers
- Dealing with Open Files and Startup Files
- Operating System Shutdown Procedure
- Collecting Evidence from Social Networks

Securing the Evidence

- Evidence Management
- Chain of Custody
 - Simple Format of the Chain of Custody Document
 - Chain of Custody Form
- Evidence Bag Contents List
- Packaging, Transporting, and Storing Electronic Evidence

Overview of Data Acquisition

- Data Acquisition
- Duplicate the Data (Imaging)
- Data Imaging Tools
- Verify Image Integrity

Understanding the Volatile Evidence Collection

- Why Volatile Data Important?
- Order of Volatility
- Volatile Data Collection Methodology
- Collecting Volatile Information
 - System Information
 - Current System Date and Time/Command History
 - Current System Uptime
 - Running Processes
 - Open Files, Clipboard Data, Service/Driver Information
 - Logged-On Users
 - DLLs or Shared Libraries
 - Network Information
 - Network Connections
- Tools for Collecting Volatile Evidence

Understanding the Static Evidence Collection

- Static Data Acquisition
- Static Data Collection Process
- Tools for Collecting Static Evidence

Performing Evidence Analysis

- Evidence Analysis: Preparations
- Forensic Analysis Tools
 - Forensic Explorer
 - Forensic Toolkit (FTK)
 - Event Log Explorer
 - OSForensics
 - Helix3
 - Autopsy
 - EnCase Forensics
 - Foremost
- Forensics Reports

Overview of Anti-Forensics

- What is Anti-Forensics?
- Anti-Forensics Techniques
 - Golden ticket
 - Data/File Deletion
 - Password Protection
 - Steganography
 - Program Packers
 - Virtual Machine
 - Artifact Wiping
 - Memory Residents
 - Alternate Data Stream (ADS)
- Other Anti-Forensics Techniques
 - Data Hiding in File System Structures
 - Trail Obfuscation
 - Overwriting Data/Metadata
 - Encryption
 - Encrypted Network Protocols
 - Rootkits
 - Buffer Overflow against Forensic Tools
 - Detecting Forensics Tool Activities

Module 04: Handling and Responding to Malware Incidents

Overview of Malware Incident Response

- Introduction to Malware
- Components of Malware
- Methods of Malware Propagation
- Common Techniques Attackers Use to Distribute Malware on the Web
- Need for Malware Incident Response
- Case Study

Preparation for Handling Malware Incidents

- Preparing Malware Incident Response Team
- Importance of Safely Handling Malware
- Preparing Malware Testbed
- Malware Analysis Tools

Detecting Malware Incidents

- Indications of Malware Incidents
- Malware Detection Techniques
 - Live System/Dynamic Analysis
 - Port Monitoring
 - Process Monitoring
 - Registry Monitoring
 - Windows Service Monitoring
 - Startup Programs Monitoring
 - Event Logs Monitoring
 - Installation Monitoring
 - Files and Folders Monitoring
 - Device Drivers Monitoring
 - Network Traffic Monitoring
 - DNS Monitoring/Resolution
 - API Calls Monitoring
 - Scheduled Task Monitoring
 - Browser Activity Monitoring
 - Memory Dump/Static Analysis
 - File Fingerprinting
 - Local and Online Malware Scanning
 - Performing String Search
 - Identifying Packing/ Obfuscations Methods
 - Finding the Portable Executables (PE) Information
 - Identifying File Dependencies
 - Malware Disassembly

- Memory Dump Analysis using Volatility Framework
- Intrusion Analysis
 - Detecting Malware by its Covert Storage/Hiding Techniques
 - Detecting Malware by its Covert Communication Techniques

Containment of Malware Incidents

Eradication of Malware Incidents

- Antivirus Tools

Recovery after Malware Incidents

Guidelines for Preventing Malware Incidents

Module 05: Handling and Responding to Email Security Incidents

Overview of Email Security Incidents

- Introduction to Email Security Incidents
- Types of Email Security Incidents
 - Crimes Committed by Sending Emails
 - Spamming
 - Phishing
 - Examples of Phishing Emails
 - Types of Phishing
 - Mail Bombing
 - Mail Storming
 - Malware Distribution
 - Crimes Supported by Emails
 - Identity Theft
 - Types of Identity Theft
 - Common Techniques Attackers Use to Perform Identity Theft
 - Cyberstalking
 - Child Pornography
 - Child Abduction

Preparation for Handling Email Security Incidents

- Preparation

Detection and Containment of Email Security Incidents

- Indications of Email Attack
- Indications of Identity Theft
- Detecting Phishing/Spam Mails
 - Tools for Detecting Phishing/Spam Mails
- Containing Emails Incidents
- Analyzing Email Headers
 - Example of Email Header Analysis
 - Sender Policy Framework (SPF)
 - Domain Keys Identified Mail (DKIM)
 - Steps to Analyze Email in Gmail
 - Steps to Analyze Email in Yahoo Mail
 - Tools for Analyzing Email Headers
- Checking the Email Validity
- Examining the Originating IP Address
- Tracing the Email Origin
- Tracing Back Web-based Email
- Email Tracking Tools
- Analyzing Email Logs
- Analyzing SMTP Logs

Eradication of Email Security Incidents

- Eradicating Email Attacks
- Reporting Phishing and Spam Email to Email Service Provider
- Guidelines against Spam
- Guidelines against Phishing
- Guidelines against Identity Theft

Recovery after Email Security Incidents

- Recovery Steps to Follow after Email Incidents
- Recovery of Deleted Emails
- Email Recovery Tool: Recover My Email
- Antiphishing Tool: Gophish

- Antispamming Tool: SPAMfighter
- Email Security Checklist
- Email Security Tools

Module 06: Handling and Responding to Network Security Incidents

Overview of Network Security Incidents

- Introduction to Network Security Incidents
- Common Network Security Incidents
- Need for Network Security Incident Handling and Response

Preparation for Handling Network Security Incidents

- Preparation Steps for Handling Network Security Incidents
- Preparation of Network Security Incident Handling Toolkit
 - Windows-based Tools to Analyze Incidents
 - Linux-based Tools to Analyze Incidents
 - Vulnerability Analysis Tools to Analyze Incidents

Detection and Validation of Network Security Incidents

- General Indications of Network Security Incidents
- Detection and Validation of Suspicious Network Events
- Tools for Detection and Validation of Suspicious Network Events

Handling Unauthorized Access Incidents

- Introduction to Unauthorized Access Incidents
- Indications of Unauthorized Access Incidents
- Detecting Reconnaissance Attacks
 - PING Sweep Attempts
 - Port Scanning Attempts
 - Half Open/Stealth Scan Attempts
 - Full Connect Scan Attempt
 - Null Scan Attempts
 - Xmas Scan Attempts
 - Detecting Social Engineering Attempts
- Detecting Sniffing and Spoofing Attacks

- Mac Flooding Attempts
- ARP Poisoning Attempts
- Other Sniffing Detection Techniques
- Detecting Firewall and IDS Evasion Attempts
 - General Indications of Intrusions
 - Intrusion Detection Using Snort
 - Reviewing Firewalls/IDS Logs
- Detecting Brute Forcing Attempts
- Containment of Unauthorized Access Incidents
- Eradication of Unauthorized Access Incidents
 - Physical Security Measures
 - Authentication and Authorization Measures
 - Host Security Measures
 - Network Security Measures
- Recovery after Unauthorized Access Incidents

Handling Inappropriate Usage Incidents

- Introduction to Inappropriate Usage Incidents
- Indications of Inappropriate Usage Incidents
- Detecting Inappropriate Usage Incidents
 - Detecting High Resource Utilization
 - Accessing Malware in the Network
 - Reviewing Log Entries of Application Logins
 - Analyzing Network Security Device Logs
- Containment of Inappropriate Usage Incidents
- Eradication of Inappropriate Usage Incident
- Recovery after Inappropriate Usage Incident

Handling Denial-of-Service Incidents

- Introduction to Denial-of-Service Incidents
- Introduction to Distributed Denial-of-Service Incidents
- Types of DoS/DDoS Incidents
 - Volumetric Attacks

- Protocol Attacks
- Application Layer Attacks
- Permanent Denial-of-Service Attack
- Distributed Reflection Denial of Service (DRDoS)
- DoS/DDoS Attack Tools
- Indications of DoS/DDoS Incidents
- Detecting DoS/DDoS Incidents
 - Activity Profiling
 - Sequential Change-point Detection
 - Wavelet-based Signal Analysis
 - Detection by Analyzing Network Connections
 - Detection by Analyzing Non-Responding Applications
 - Other Detection Techniques
 - Tools for Detecting DoS/DDoS Incidents
- Containment of DoS/DDoS Incidents
- Post-Attack Forensics
- Eradicating DoS/DDoS Incidents
 - Blocking Potential Attacks
 - Disabling Botnets
 - Neutralizing Handlers
- Recovery after DoS/DDoS Incidents
- DoS/DDoS Recommendations
 - Protect Secondary Victims
 - Enable DoS/DDoS Protection at ISP Level
- DoS/DDoS Protection Tools

Handling Wireless Network Security Incidents

- Introduction to Wireless Network Security Incidents
- Types of Wireless Network Security Incidents
 - Access Control Attacks
 - Integrity Attacks
 - Confidentiality Attacks

- Availability Attacks
- Authentication Attacks
- Preparation for Handling Wireless Network Security Incidents
- Indications of Wireless Network Security Incidents
- Detecting Wireless Network Security Incidents
- Containment of Wireless Network Security Incidents
- Eradication of Wireless Network Security Incidents
- Recovery after Wireless Network Security Incidents

Module 07: Handling and Responding to Web Application Security Incidents

Overview of Web Application Incident Handling

- Introduction to Web Applications
- Web Application Architecture
- Introduction to Web Application Incident Handling

Web Application Security Threats and Attacks

- OWASP Top 10 Application Security Risks – 2017
 - A1 - Injection Flaws
 - SQL Injection Attacks
 - Command Injection Attacks
 - File Injection Attack
 - LDAP Injection Attacks
 - A2 - Broken Authentication
 - A3 - Sensitive Data Exposure
 - A4 - XML External Entity (XXE)
 - A5 - Broken Access Control
 - A6 - Security Misconfiguration
 - A7 - Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Attacks
 - A8 - Insecure Deserialization
 - A9 - Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities
 - A10 - Insufficient Logging and Monitoring
- Other Web Application Threats

- Directory Traversal
- Unvalidated Redirects and Forwards
- Watering Hole Attack
- Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) Attack
- Cookie/Session Poisoning
- Web Services Footprinting Attack
- XML Poisoning Attack
- Hidden Field Manipulation Attack
- Attacks Using Single and Double Encoding

Preparation to Handle Web Application Security Incidents

- Steps to Handle Web Application Security Incidents
- Deploying a WAF
- Deploying SIEM Solutions

Detecting and Analyzing Web Application Security Incidents

- Indicators of Web Application Security Incidents
- Detecting Web Incidents
 - Automated Detection
 - Manual Detection
 - SQL Injection
 - Using Regex - SQL Injection
 - XSS Attacks
 - Regex - XSS Attacks
 - Directory Traversal Attacks
 - Regex - Directory Traversal Attacks
 - Dictionary Attacks
 - Stored Cross Site Script Attacks
 - DoS/DDoS attacks
 - Potentially Malicious Elements within HTML
 - Malicious Elements in Common Web File Types
 - RFI Attacks
 - LFI Attacks

- Watering Hole Attacks
- Analyzing Web Server Content
- Log Analysis Tools

Containment of Web Application Security Incidents

- Containment of Web Application Security Incidents
- Containment Methods
 - Whitelisting/Blacklisting
 - Web Content Filtering
 - Proxy Servers
- Containment Tools
 - Whitelisting/Blacklisting Tools
 - Web Content Filtering Tools
 - Web Proxy Tools

Eradication of Web Application Security Incidents

- How to Eradicate Web Application Security Incidents
- Eradicating Injection Attacks
- Eradicating Broken Authentication and Session Management Attacks
- Eradicating Sensitive Data Exposure Attacks
- Eradicating XML External Entity Attacks
- Eradicating Broken Access Control Attacks
- Eradicating Security Misconfiguration Attacks
- Eradicating XSS Attacks
- Eradicating Insecure Deserialization Attacks
- Eradicating Attacks due to Known Vulnerabilities in Components
- Eradicating Insufficient Logging & Monitoring Attacks
- Eradicating DoS/DDoS Attacks
- Eradicating Web Services Attacks
- Eradicating CAPTCHA Attacks
- Eradicating other Web Application Attacks
 - Directory Traversal Attacks
 - Unvalidated Redirect and Forward Attacks

- Watering Hole Attacks
- Cross-Site Request Forgery Attacks
- Cookie/Session Poisoning Attacks
- Implement Encoding Schemes
 - Eradicate XSS Attacks using HTML Encoding
 - Eradicate SQL Injection Attacks using Hex Encoding

Recovery from Web Application Security Incidents

- Recovery from Web Application Incidents
- Tools to Recover from Web Application Incidents

Best Practices for Securing Web Applications

- Best Web Application Coding Practices
- Web Application Fuzz Testing
- Source Code Review
- Web Application Security Testing Tools

Module 08: Handling and Responding to Cloud Security Incidents

Cloud Computing Concepts

- Introduction to Cloud Computing
- Types of Cloud Computing Services
- Separation of Responsibilities in Cloud
- Cloud Deployment Models
- NIST Cloud Deployment Reference Architecture

Overview of Handling Cloud Security Incidents

- Handling Cloud Security Incidents
- Incident Handling Responsibilities in Cloud
- Challenges in Cloud Incident Handling and Response
 - Architecture and Identification
 - Data Collection
 - Logs
 - Analysis
 - Legal

- Challenges in Cloud Forensics
- Organizational Issues in Cloud Incident Handling

Cloud Security Threats and Attacks

- Cloud Computing Threats
- Cloud Computing Attacks

Preparation for Handling Cloud Security Incidents

- Preparation Steps to Handle Cloud Security Incidents
 - Preparation Steps for Cloud Service Provider (CSP)
 - Preparation Steps for Cloud Consumer (CC)

Detecting and Analyzing Cloud Security Incidents

- Indicators of Cloud Security Incidents
- Detecting Cloud Security Incidents
 - Network Related Incidents
 - Storage Related Incidents
 - Servers Related Incidents
 - Virtualization Related Incidents
 - Application Related Incidents
- Evidence Data Concerns
- Cloud-based Log Analysis Tools

Containment of Cloud Security Incidents

- Containment of Cloud Security Incidents
- Containment Tools for Cloud Security Incidents

Eradication of Cloud Security Incidents

- Eradicating Cloud Security Incidents
- MITC Attack Detection Tool: Tripwire

Recovering from Cloud Security Incidents

Best Practices Against Cloud-based Incidents

- Best Practices Against Cloud Security Incidents
- Cloud Security is the Responsibility of both Cloud Provider and Consumer
- Cloud Security Tools

Module 09: Handling and Responding to Insider Threats

Introduction to Insider Threats

- Insider Threats
- Types of Insider Threats
- Driving Force Behind Insider Attacks
- Common Attacks Carried Out by Insiders
- Importance of Handling Insider Attacks
- Case Study

Preparation for Handling Insider Threats

- Preparation Steps to Handle Insider Threats

Detecting and Analyzing Insider Threats

- Indicators of Insider Threats
- Detecting Insider Threats
 - Mole Detection
 - Profiling
 - Behavioral Analysis
- Log Analysis
- Network Analysis
 - Detecting Malicious Telnet Connections
 - Detecting Malicious FTP Connections
 - Detecting Data Exfiltration
- System Analysis
 - Look for Removable Media
 - Look for Browser Data
- Database Analysis
 - Examine Microsoft SQL Server Logs
 - Collecting Volatile Database Data
 - Using DBCC LOG Command
- Physical Security Analysis
- Insider Threat Detection Tools

Containment of Insider Threats

Eradication of Insider Threats

- Eradicating Insider Threats
 - Human Resources
 - Network Security
 - Access Controls
 - Privileged Users
 - Audit Trails and Log Monitoring
 - Physical Security

Recovery after Insider Attacks

- Recovering from Insider Attacks

Best Practices Against Insider Threats

- Best Practices Against Insider Threats
- Insider Threat Prevention Tools